Healthcare Manpower Projection 2023 Projection Results

Legislative Council Panel on Health Services Meeting

12 July 2024

Healthcare Manpower Projection Framework

* 2019 as base year

- * Project the manpower demand and supply for 13 healthcare professions which are subject to statutory registration
 - doctors, dentists, dental hygienists, nurses, midwives, Chinese medicine practitioners, pharmacists, occupational therapists, physiotherapists, medical laboratory technologists, optometrists, radiographers and chiropractors

***** Projection period: Future 20 to 30 years

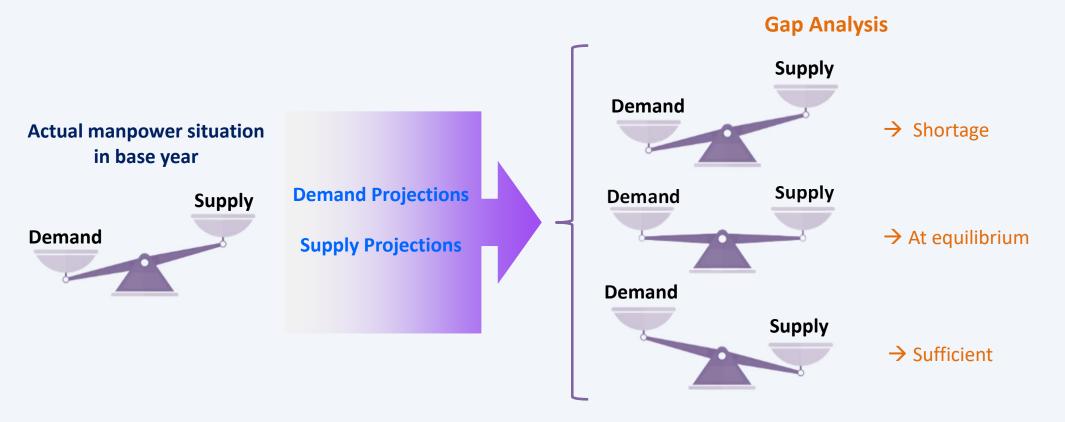
* Demand and Supply Projection Models

- Formulated with input from the key stakeholders on the model parameters and projection assumptions
- Incorporated the impact on the future manpower requirement and supply arising from the known and planned policy initiatives
- Accounted for the impact on manpower supply arising from the attrition wave of healthcare professionals in 2020 to 2022

Note: The demand and supply projection models, and the key assumptions are listed in slide 24-26 of this PowerPoint.

Manpower Demand-Supply Gap Analysis

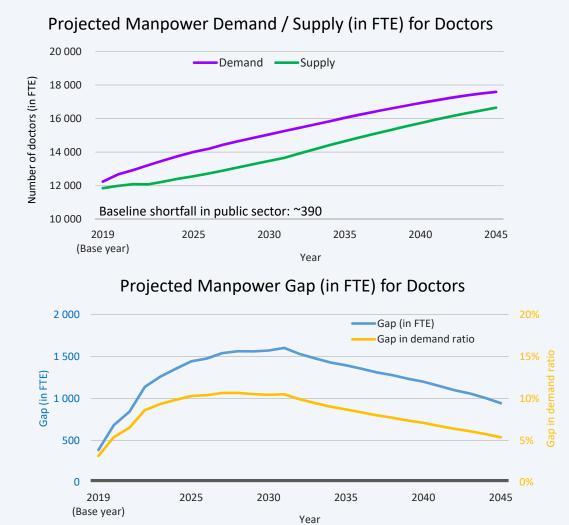
Through the gap analysis and taking into account the known manpower shortage as at the end of base year, the future manpower situation in the projection period is assessed.



Summary of Healthcare Manpower Projection Results for the 13 Professions

(Base Case)

Doctors



Policy initiatives:

- Development of Chinese Medicine Hospital and private hospitals
- Chronic Disease Co-care Pilot Scheme
- Hong Kong Genome Project

Note: Non-locally trained doctors through the new pathway of special registration have been considered in the manpower supply projection.

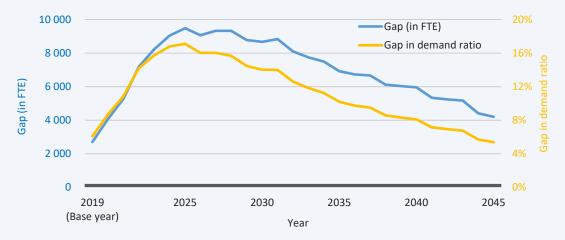
Abbreviation: FTE - Full-time equivalents

General Nurses

Projected Manpower Demand / Supply (in FTE) for General Nurses



Projected Manpower Gap (in FTE) for General Nurses

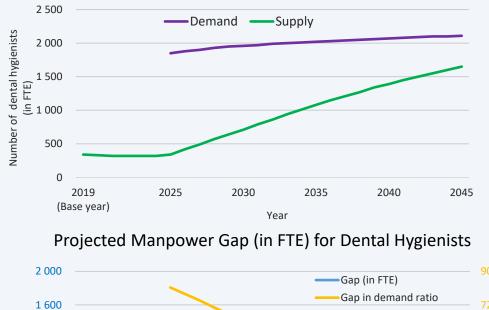


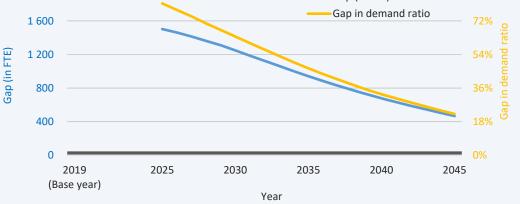
- Known and planned subvented and non-subvented elderly / rehab / community services
- Planned services in the Department of Health (DH)
- Development of Chinese Medicine Hospital and private hospitals
- District Health Centre / Chronic Disease Co-Care pilot Scheme
- Hong Kong Genome Project



Dental Hygienists

Projected Manpower Demand / Supply (in FTE) for Dental Hygienists





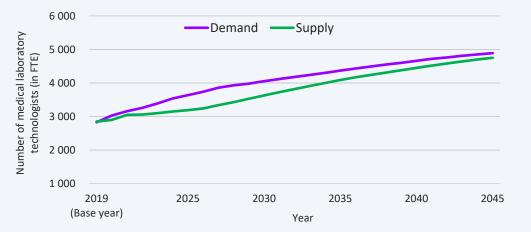
Policy initiatives:

- Enhancement of dental services in DH
- Primary Dental Co-Care pilot scheme

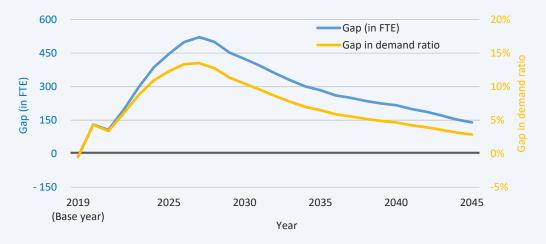
Note: Gradual increase of training places for dental hygienists starting from 2024/25 academic year has been considered in the manpower supply projection. A ratio of 1 Dental Hygienist in private sector has also been assumed in the manpower demand projection.

Medical Laboratory Technologists

Projected Manpower Demand / Supply (in FTE) for Medical Laboratory Technologists

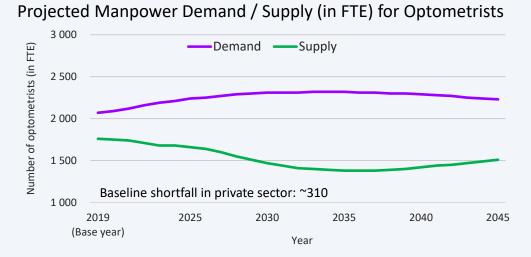


Projected Manpower Gap (in FTE) for Medical Laboratory Technologists



- Development of Chinese Medicine Hospital and private hospitals
- Hong Kong Genome Project
- Chronic Disease Co-care Pilot Scheme

Optometrists



Projected Manpower Gap (in FTE) for Optometrists



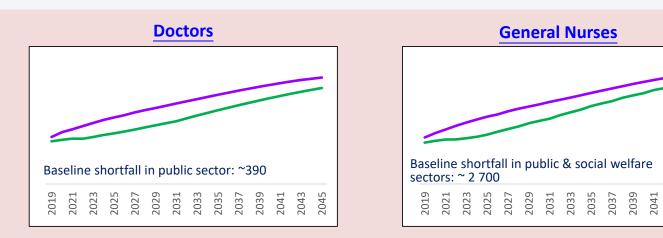
Policy initiatives:

• Chronic Disease Co-Care pilot scheme



Results Summary (1): Healthcare Professions with Manpower Shortfall Exists throughout the Projection Period

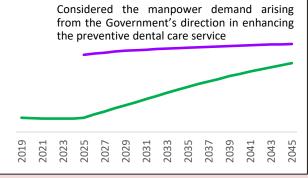
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Supply
Demand
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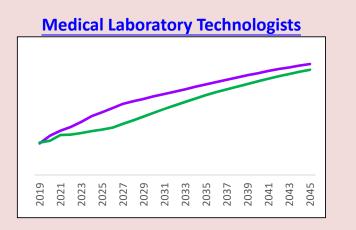




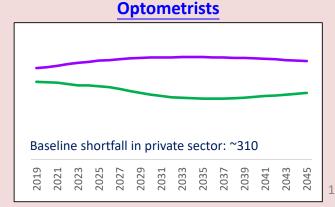
- 1. The vertical axis scale varies between charts.
- 2. The manpower demand and supply are calculated in terms of full-time equivalents.





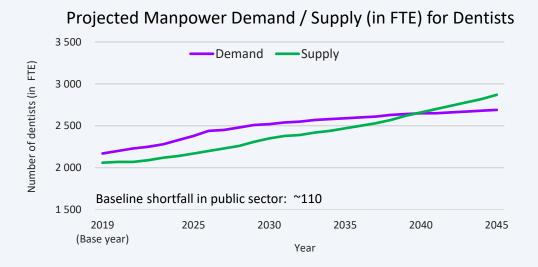


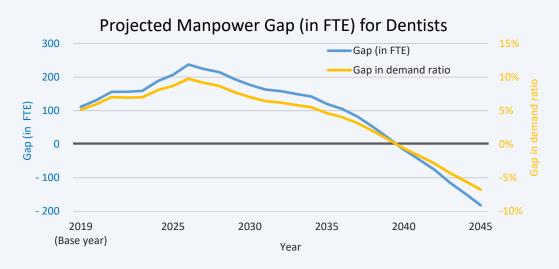
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Dentists





- Enhancement of dental services in public sector
- Known and planned measures to enhance oral health of the community

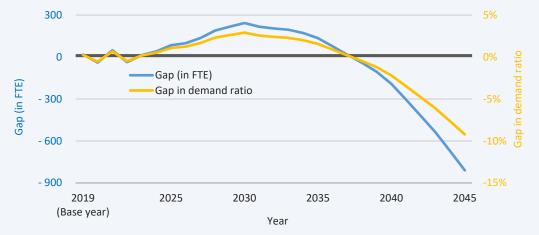


Chinese Medicine Practitioners

Projected Manpower Demand / Supply (in FTE) for Chinese Medicine Practitioners

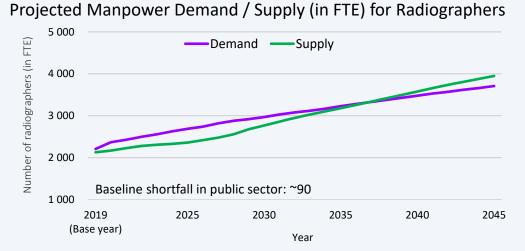


Projected Manpower Gap (in FTE) for Chinese Medicine Practitioners

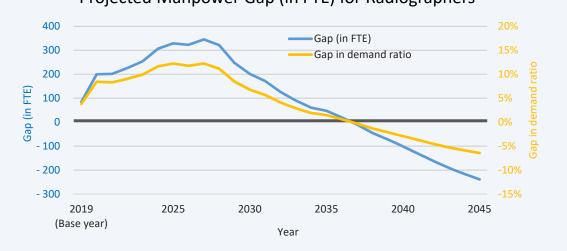


- Development of Chinese Medicine Hospital
- Increase in annual quota of subsidised Chinese medicine services at the 18 Chinese Medicine Clinics
- Regularization of Integrated Chinese-Western Medicine (ICWM) Programme in Hospital Authority (HA)
- Health Bureau's Chinese Medicine
 Unit
- District Health Centre

Radiographers



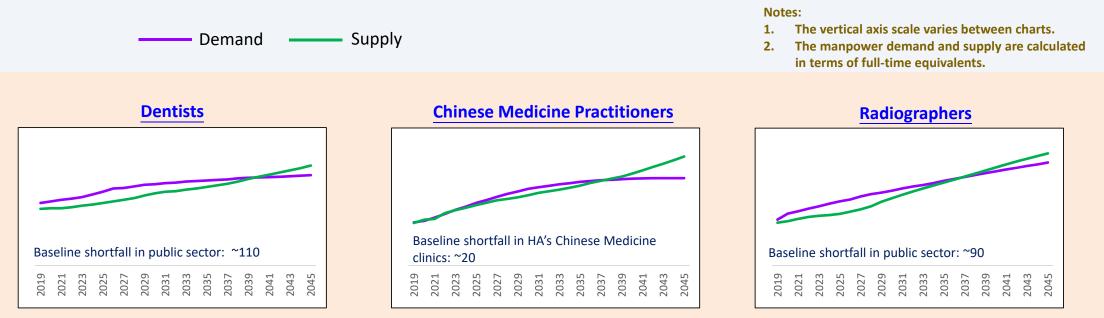
Projected Manpower Gap (in FTE) for Radiographers



- Development of Chinese Medicine Hospital and private hospitals
- Breast Cancer Screening pilot programme



Results Summary (2): Healthcare Professions with Manpower Shortfall in the Future 20 Years

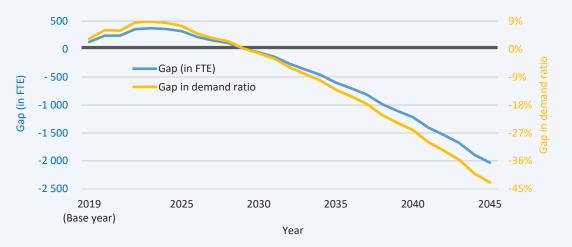


Psychiatric Nurses

Projected Manpower Demand / Supply (in FTE) for Psychiatric Nurses



Projected Manpower Gap (in FTE) for Psychiatric Nurses



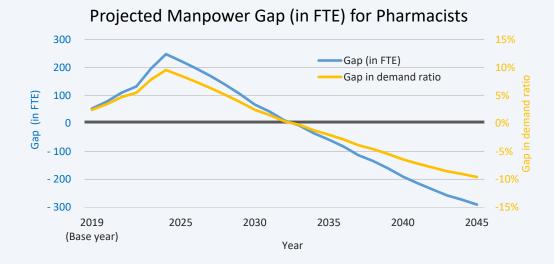
Policy initiatives:

• Further enhancement of personalised care programme in HA



Pharmacists



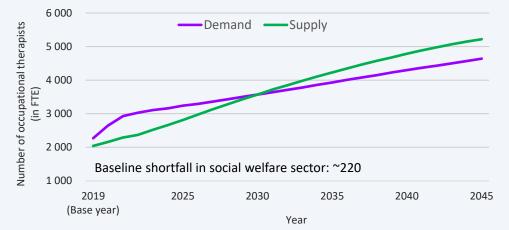


- Planned services in DH
- Development of Chinese Medicine Hospital and private hospitals
- District Health Centre

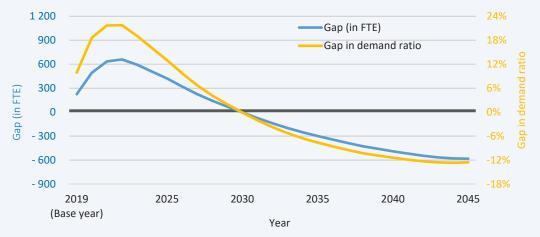


Occupational Therapists

Projected Manpower Demand / Supply (in FTE) for Occupational Therapists



Projected Manpower Gap (in FTE) for Occupational Therapists



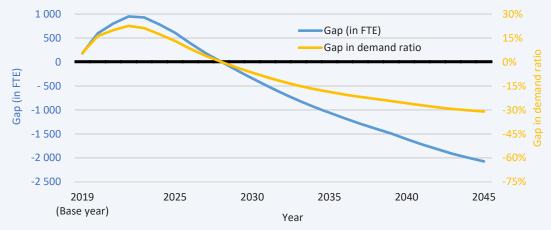
- Known and planned subvented and non-subvented elderly / rehab / community services
- Development of Chinese Medicine Hospital and private hospitals
- District Health Centre

Physiotherapists

Projected Manpower Demand / Supply (in FTE) for Physiotherapists



Projected Manpower Gap (in FTE) for Physiotherapists



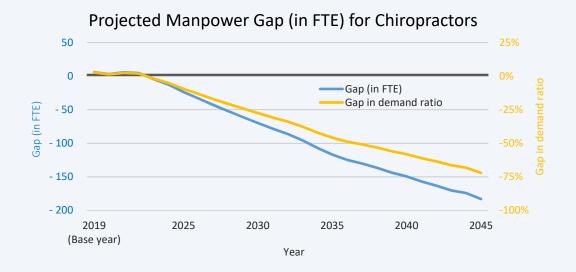
- Known and planned subvented and non-subvented elderly / rehab / community services
- Development of Chinese Medicine Hospital and private hospitals
- District Health Centre / Chronic Disease Co-care Pilot Scheme



Chiropractors







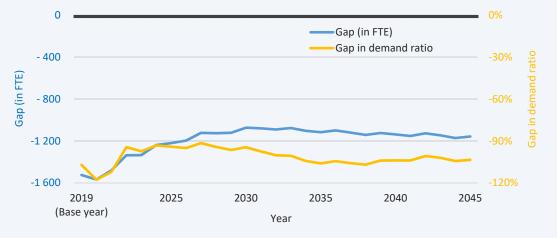


Midwives

Projected Manpower Demand / Supply (in FTE) for Midwives

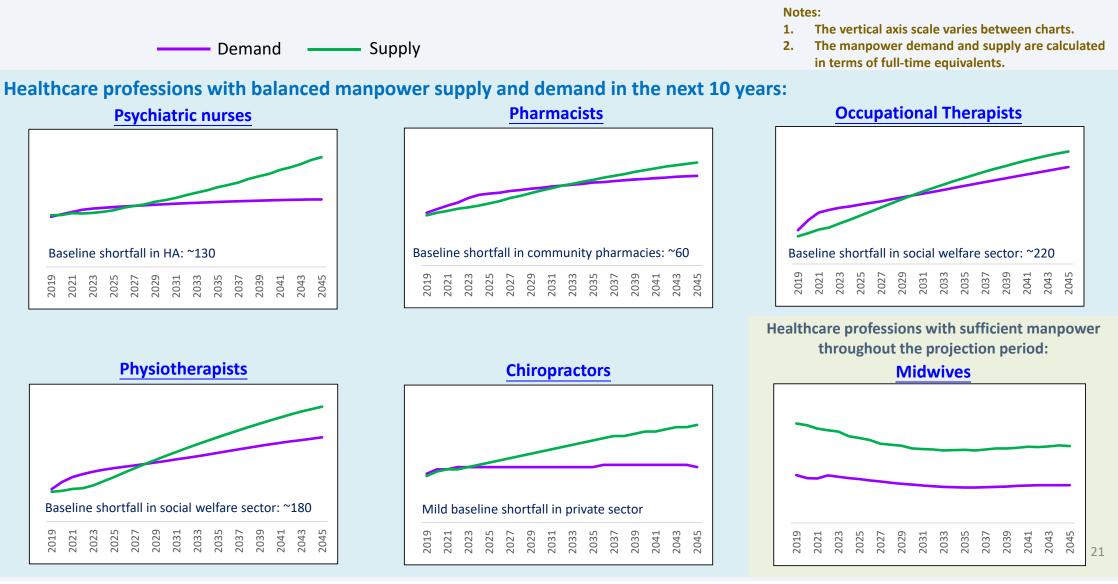


Projected Manpower Gap (in FTE) for Midwives





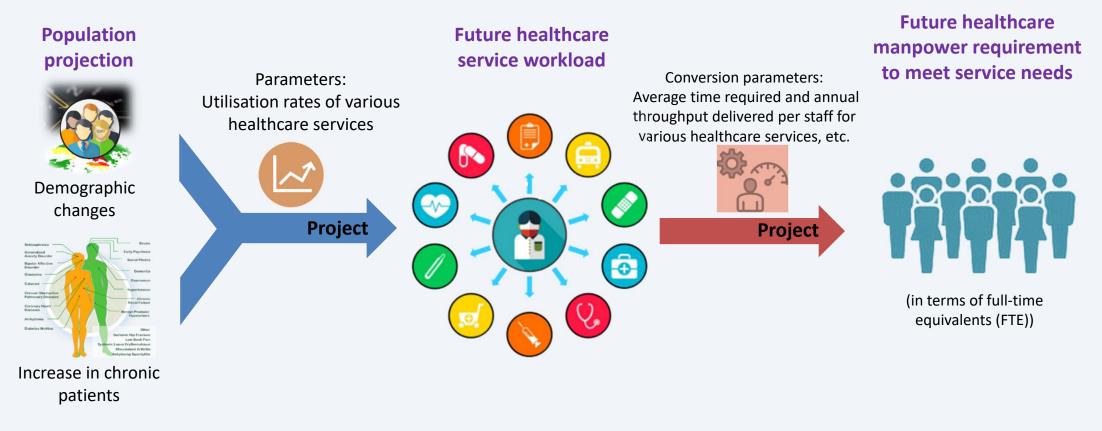
Results Summary (3): Other Healthcare Professions



Thank you

Healthcare Manpower Projection Models and Key Assumptions

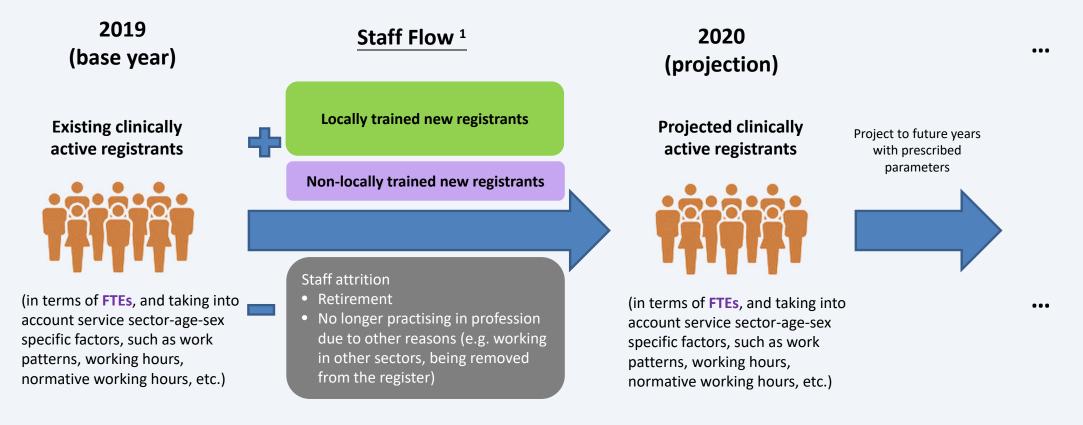
Manpower Demand Projection Model



Notes:

- 1. The demand projection also covers the healthcare professionals working in the academic sector, in which the requirement is assumed to grow according to the projected growth of the local student numbers under healthcare training.
- 2. The additional manpower required for implementing planned initiatives of new services and the service commencement of new hospitals or hospitals after expansion is also considered.

Manpower Supply Projection Model



Notes:

- 1. With reference to historical data, formulate the parameters (such as registration rates of locally-trained graduates and renewal rates for various healthcare professions) for projecting the future manpower supply.
- 2. In this round projection, the impact of attrition waves of healthcare professionals in 2020 to 2022 and the additional non-locally trained doctors through the new pathway of special registration have also been considered in the manpower supply projection.

Key model assumptions of the manpower projections

Demand Projection	Supply projection
 The projected growth in service demand, and thus the future manpower requirement, is not constrained by possible limiting factors such as facilities or manpower supply. 	• The projection parameters are worked out based on the current workforce participation and work pattern of individual healthcare professionals. In general, such parameters, as well as the training and registration systems, are assumed to remain
• The projection parameters are constructed mainly based on the existing service delivery model and assumed to remain the same as in the base year over the projection horizon.	unchanged as in the base year throughout the projection period ¹ .
• The impact of technology advancement and changes in the macroeconomic environment are	
not considered, assuming that they do not impact on the future service demand and manpower requirement.	1. The attrition rates in 2020 to 2022 are compiled according to the actual data, in order to factor in the impact of attrition waves on the healthcare manpower supply.